

The Embedded I/O Company

TPMC680-SW-95

QNX6 - Neutrino Device Driver

8 x 8 Bit Digital Inputs/Outputs

Version 1.0.x

User Manual

Issue 1.0.1 June 2012





TPMC680-SW-95

QNX6 - Neutrino Device Driver 8 x 8 Bit Digital Inputs/Outputs Supported Modules: TPMC680-10 This document contains information, which is proprietary to TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH. Any reproduction without written permission is forbidden.

TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH has made any effort to ensure that this manual is accurate and complete. However TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH reserves the right to change the product described in this document at any time without notice.

TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH is not liable for any damage arising out of the application or use of the device described herein.

©2005-2012 by TEWS TECHNOLOGIES GmbH

Issue	Description	Date
1.0.0	First Issue	June 1, 2005
1.0.1	General Revision	June 25, 2012



Table of Contents

1	INT	[RODU	CTION	4
2			ATION	
			e Device Driver	
			e Example Application	
	2.2	Bulla th	le Example Application	5
			e Driver Process	
			and Transmit FIFO Configuration	
	2.5	Applica	tion Interface Configuration	7
3	DE	VICE IN	NPUT/OUTPUT FUNCTIONS	8
	3.1	open		8
	3.2	close		10
	3.3	devctl		11
		3.3.1	DCMD TP680 SET MODE	13
		3.3.2	DCMD TP680 GET 8BIT PORT	
		3.3.3	DCMD_TP680_SET_8BIT_PORT	18
		3.3.4	DCMD_TP680_READ_16BIT_DATA	20
		3.3.5	DCMD_TP680_WRITE_16BIT_DATA	22
		3.3.6	DCMD_TP680_READ_32BIT_DATA	24
		3.3.7	DCMD_TP680_WRITE_32BIT_DATA	
		3.3.8	DCMD_TP680_GET_64BIT_PORT	
		3.3.9	DCMD_TP680_SET_64BIT_PORT	
		3.3.10	DCMD_TP680_EVENT_WAIT	32



1 Introduction

The TPMC680-SW-95 QNX-Neutrino device driver allows the operation of the TPMC680-10 on QNX-Neutrino operating systems.

The TPMC680 device driver is basically implemented as a user installable Resource Manager. The standard file (I/O) functions (open, close and devctl) provide the basic interface for opening and closing a file descriptor and for performing device I/O and control operations.

The TPMC680-SW-95 device driver supports the following features:

- Configuring ports to work as 8-, 16-, 32- and 64 bit ports.
- Configuring port direction
- Setting I/O line output in 8- and 64-bit configuration
- Getting I/O line input in 8- and 64-bit configuration
- Receiving data via 16- or 32-bit handshake ports
- Transmitting data via 16- or 32-bit handshake ports
- ➤ Wait for input events on I/O lines of 8- and 64-bit ports

The TPMC680-SW-95 device driver supports the modules listed below:

TPMC680-10	8 x 8 Bit Digital Inputs/Outputs	(PMC)	
------------	----------------------------------	-------	--

To get more information about the features and use of TPMC680 devices it is recommended to read the manuals listed below.

TPMC680 User manual	
TPMC680 Engineering Manual	



2 Installation

Following files are located in the directory TPMC680-SW-95 on the distribution media:

TPMC680-SW-95-SRC.tar.gz GZIP compressed archive with driver source code

TPMC680-SW-95-1.0.1.pdf This manual in PDF format

ChangeLog.txt Release history

Release.txt Information about the Device Driver Release

The GZIP compressed archive TPMC680-SW-95-SRC.tar.gz contains the following files and directories:

Directory path 'tpmc680':

/driver/tpmc680.c Driver source code

/driver/tpmc680.h Definitions and data structures for driver and application

/driver/tpmc680def.h Device driver include

/driver/node.c Queue management source code /driver/node.h Queue management definitions

/driver/nto/* Build path

/example/tpmc680exa.c Example application

/example/nto/* Build path

For installation copy the tar-archive into the /usr/src directory and unpack it (e.g. tar -xzvf TPMC680-SW-95-SRC.tar.gz). After that the necessary directory structure for the automatic build and the source files are available underneath the new directory called *tpmc680*.

It is absolutely important to extract the TPMC680 archive in the /usr/src directory. Otherwise the automatic build with make will fail.

2.1 Build the Device Driver

Change to the /usr/src/tpmc680/driver directory

Execute the Makefile:

make install

After successful completion the driver binary (tpmc680) will be installed in the /bin directory.

2.2 Build the Example Application

Change to the /usr/src/tpmc680/example directory

Execute the Makefile:

make install

After successful completion the example binary (tpmc680exa) will be installed in the /bin directory.



2.3 Start the Driver Process

To start the TPMC680 device driver, you have to enter the process name with optional parameter from the command shell or in the startup script.

Possible parameters are:

-V

For debugging purposes you can start the TPMC680 Resource Manager with the –v option. The Resource Manager will print versatile information about TPMC680 configuration and command execution on the terminal window.

Example:

The following startup call will start the TPMC680 device driver in verbose mode:

```
# tpmc680 -v &
```

After the TPMC680 Resource Manager is started, it creates and registers a device for each found supported hardware module. The devices are named $/\text{dev/tpmc680}_{\textbf{x}}$, where x is the index of the found TPMC680.

```
/dev/tpmc680_0
/dev/tpmc680_1
...
/dev/tpmc680 x
```

This pathname must be used in the application program to open a path to the desired TPMC680.

```
fd = open("/dev/tpmc680 0", O RDWR);
```

2.4 Receive and Transmit FIFO Configuration

The size of receive and transmit FIFO can be configured in *tpmc680def.h*. The values of the following definition can be adapted.

TP680_IOBUFSIZE16

Defines the depth of the FIFOs for port 0 and port 2 used for 16-bit handshake mode. The value specifies the number 16-bit words.

TP680 IOBUFSIZE32

Defines the depth of the FIFO for port 0 used for 32-bit handshake mode. The value specifies the number 32-bit words.

After changing any of the values, the driver has to be rebuilt.



2.5 Application Interface Configuration

The size of read and write buffers can be configured in *tpmc680.h*. The values of the following definition can be adapted.

TP680_MAX_16BIT_ELEM

Defines the maximum number of 16-bit words which can be read or written at once.

TP680_MAX_32BIT_ELEM

Defines the maximum number of 32-bit words which can be read or written at once.

After changing any of the values, the driver and application has to be rebuilt.



3 Device Input/Output Functions

This chapter describes the interface to the device driver I/O system.

3.1 open

NAME

open - open a file descriptor

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>

int open (const char *pathname, int flags)
```

DESCRIPTION

The *open* function creates and returns a new file descriptor for the TPMC680 named by pathname. The flags argument controls how the file is to be opened (must be O_RDWR for TPMC680 devices).

EXAMPLE

```
int fd;

fd = open("/dev/tpmc680_0", O_RDWR);
if (fd == -1)
{
     /* handle error */
}
```

RETURNS

The normal return value from open is a non-negative integer file descriptor. In the case of an error, a value of –1 is returned. The global variable errno contains the detailed error code.

ERRORS

Returns only QNX specific error codes, see QNX Neutrino Library Reference.



SEE ALSO

Library Reference - open()



3.2 close

NAME

close - close a file descriptor

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <unistd.h>
int close (int filedes)
```

DESCRIPTION

The close function closes the file descriptor filedes.

EXAMPLE

```
int fd;
if (close(fd) != 0)
{
    /* handle close error conditions */
}
```

RETURNS

The normal return value from close is 0. In the case of an error, a value of -1 is returned. The global variable *errno* contains the detailed error code.

ERRORS

Returns only QNX specific error codes, see QNX Neutrino Library Reference.

SEE ALSO

Library Reference - close()



3.3 devctl

NAME

devctl - device control functions

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <devctl.h>

int devctl
(
    int filedes,
    int dcmd,
    void *data_ptr,
    size_t n_bytes,
    int *dev_info_ptr
)
```

DESCRIPTION

The devctl function sends a control code directly to a device, specified by *filedes*, causing the corresponding device to perform the requested operation.

The argument *dcmd* specifies the control code for the operation.

The arguments <code>data_ptr</code> and <code>n_bytes</code> depends on the command and will be described for each command in detail later in this chapter. Usually <code>data_ptr</code> points to a buffer that passes data between the user task and the driver and <code>n_bytes</code> defines the size of this buffer.

The argument dev_info_ptr is unused for the TPMC680 driver and should be set to NULL.

The following devctl command codes are defined in *tpmc680.h*:

Value	Description
DCMD_TP680_SET_MODE	Configure port direction, size and mode.
DCMD_TP680_GET_8BIT_PORT	Get input value of a specified 8-bit port.
DCMD_TP680_SET_8BIT_PORT	Set value of a specified 8-bit output port.
DCMD_TP680_READ_16BIT_DATA	Read data received on a specified 16-bit input port.
DCMD_TP680_WRITE_16BIT_DATA	Send data via a specified 16-bit output port.
DCMD_TP680_READ_32BIT_DATA	Read data received on the 32-bit input port.
DCMD_TP680_WRITE_32BIT_DATA	Send data via the 32-bit output port.
DCMD_TP680_GET_64BIT_PORT	Get input value of all 64 I/O lines.
DCMD_TP680_SET_64BIT_PORT	Set value to all 64 output lines.
DCMD_TP680_EVENT_WAIT	Wait for a specified event on a specified input line.

See behind for more detailed information on each control code.



To use these TPMC680 specific control codes, the header file tpmc680.h must be included by the application.

RETURNS

On success, EOK is returned. In the case of an error, the appropriate error code is returned by the function (not in errno!).

ERRORS

Returns only Neutrino specific error codes, see Neutrino Library Reference.

Other function dependent error codes will be described for each devctl code separately. Note, the TPMC680 driver always returns standard QNX error codes.

SEE ALSO

Library Reference - devctl()



3.3.1 DCMD_TP680_SET_MODE

NAME

DCMD_TP680_SET_MODE - Configure port direction, size and mode

DESCRIPTION

This function configures direction, size and mode of a specified port of the associated device. A pointer to the caller's configuration buffer (*TP680_SET_MODE_BUF*) and the size of this structure are passed by the parameters *data_ptr* and *n_bytes* to the device.

```
typedef struct
{
    int         port;
    unsigned int         direction;
    unsigned int         mode;
    unsigned int         hsFlags;
} TP680_SET_MODE_BUF, *PTP680_SET_MODE_BUF;
port
```

This value specifies the port that should be configured. Valid port numbers are 0 up to 7. Some ports cannot be configured to all modes.

direction

This value specifies the port direction. Dependent on the module some configurations are not allowed. The following values are defined:

Value	Description
TP680_IO_DIR_IN	configures the port as input port
TP680_IO_DIR_OUT	configures the port for output

mode

This value specifies the mode (width) of the port. Some mode changes will disconnect ports from the specified one. All disconnected ports will be set to 8-bit byte input mode. The following modes are predefined:

Value	Description
TP680_IO_MODE_BYTE	configures the port as an 8-bit byte I/O port
TP680_IO_MODE_HS16BIT	configures the port to work in 16-bit handshake mode
TP680_IO_MODE_HS32BIT	configures the port to work in 32-bit handshake mode
TP680_IO_MODE_SYNCHRON	configures the port to work in 64-bit synchronous byte I/O mode



hsFlags

This argument specifies the handshake mode and FIFO event. A handshake mode and a handshake event can be ORed.

The following values are defined for valid interrupt modes:

Value	Description
TP680_IO_HSFLAG_NO	No handshake output signal
TP680_IO_HSFLAG_INTERLOCKED	Output handshake is generated in interlocked mode
TP680_IO_HSFLAG_PULSED	Output handshake is generated in pulsed mode

The following values are defined for FIFO events:

Value	Description
TP680_IO_HSFIFOEV_NOTFULL	The FIFO event is generated if the FIFO is not filled.
TP680_IO_HSFIFOEV_EMPTY	The FIFO event is generated if the FIFO is empty.

Please refer to the User Manual of TPMC680 to understand all modes and dependencies.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680.h"
int
                       fd;
                       result;
int
TP680 SET MODE BUF
                       modeBuf;
/* Configure Port 2 for 16-bit HS output */
/* - interlocked mode */
/* - FIFO event on buffer empty */
modeBuf.port = 2;
modeBuf.direction = TP680_IO_DIR_OUT;
modeBuf.mode = TP680 IO_MODE_HS16BIT;
modeBuf.hsFlags = TP680 IO HSFLAG INTERLOCKED | TP680 IO HSFIFOEV EMPTY;
result = devctl(
                  DCMD TP680 SET MODE,
                   &modeBuf,
                  sizeof(modeBuf),
                  NULL);
if (result != EOK)
    /* process devctl() error */
}
```



Error Code	Description
EINVAL	A specified argument value is invalid.
ECHRNG	The port number is out of range or the port number is not valid for the specified configuration.
EACCES	The port cannot be accessed. It is connected to another port.



3.3.2 DCMD_TP680_GET_8BIT_PORT

NAME

DCMD_TP680_GET_8BIT_PORT - Get value of an 8-bit port

DESCRIPTION

This function reads the current value of a specified 8-bit port of the associated device. A pointer to a caller's 8-bit buffer (*TP680_8BIT_PORT_BUF*) and the size of this structure are passed by the parameters *data_ptr* and *n_bytes* to the device.

This value specifies the port that should be read. Valid port numbers are 0 up to 7. The port must be in byte mode.

value

This is the parameter where the input value will be stored to.

The lower two bits of port 4 and port 5 are set to zero, if the associated pins are used for handshake.



```
#include "tpmc680.h"
int
                       fd;
int
                       result;
TP680_8BIT_PORT_BUF byteBuf;
/* Read current state of port 2 input */
byteBuf.port = 2;
result = devctl( fd,
                  DCMD_TP680_GET_8BIT_PORT,
                  &byteBuf,
                  sizeof(byteBuf),
                  NULL);
if (result == EOK)
    printf("INPUT: %02Xh\n", byteBuf.value);
} else {
   /* process devctl() error */
```

Error Code	Description
ECHRNG	The port number is out of range.
EACCES	The port cannot be accessed. It is not configured for 8-bit byte access.



3.3.3 DCMD_TP680_SET_8BIT_PORT

NAME

DCMD_TP680_SET_8BIT_PORT - Set value to an 8-bit output port

DESCRIPTION

This function sets the current value of a specified 8-bit output port of the associated device. A pointer to a caller's 8-bit buffer (*TP680_8BIT_PORT_BUF*) and the size of this structure are passed by the parameters *data_ptr* and *n_bytes* to the device.

This value specifies the port that should be changed. Valid port numbers are 0 up to 7. The port must be in byte output mode.

value

This parameter specifies the new output value.

The lower two bits of port 4 and port 5 are ignored, if the associated pins are used for handshake.



```
#include "tpmc680.h"
int
                       fd;
int
                       result;
TP680_8BIT_PORT_BUF byteBuf;
/* Set port 2 to 0x12 */
byteBuf.port = 2;
byteBuf.value = 0x12;
result = devctl( fd,
                  DCMD_TP680_SET_8BIT_PORT,
                  &byteBuf,
                  sizeof(byteBuf),
                  NULL);
if (result != EOK)
    /* process devctl() error */
```

Error Code	Description
ECHRNG	The port number is out of range.
EACCES	The port cannot be accessed. It is not configured for 8-bit byte access.



3.3.4 DCMD_TP680_READ_16BIT_DATA

NAME

DCMD_TP680_READ_16BIT_DATA - Read data from 16-bit input port

DESCRIPTION

This function reads received data from a specified 16-bit input port of the associated device. A pointer to a caller's 16-bit buffer (*TP680_16BIT_BUF*) and the size of this structure are passed by the parameters *data_ptr* and *n_bytes* to the device.

The data structure has a fixed size. It is configured with the definition of *TP680_MAX_16BIT_ELEM*. This definition sets the maximum number of 16-bit words that can be read with one call.

It is possible to fill up a partially filled buffer, by simply recalling *DCMD_TP680_READ_16BIT_DATA* with the same buffer, without changing any values. This may be necessary to get packets of a fixed length.

The function always returns data that are stored in the receive FIFO, it will not wait until data is available.

This value specifies the port the data should be read from. Valid port numbers for this function are 0 and 2. The port must be in 16-bit handshake input mode.

maxElements

This value specifies the number of 16-bit values that will be filled into the buffer at maximum. This value may differ from the definition *TP680 MAX 16BIT ELEM*, but must not be greater.

used Elements

This value returns the number of received 16-bit data words in the buffer. This value should be set 0 before calling the function, or it should keep the returned value, if the buffer should be filled up with the next call.

value

This is the buffer where the received data will be copied to.



```
#include "tpmc680.h"
int
                   fd;
int
                   result;
TP680 16BIT BUF
                   inputBuf;
/\star Read a block of 20 words from port 0, \star/
/* retry until 20 words are received */
inputBuf.port
                       = 0;
inputBuf.maxElement
                       = 20;
inputBuf.usedElements = 0;
do
    result = devctl(
                        DCMD_TP680_READ_16BIT_DATA,
                        &inputBuf,
                        sizeof(inputBuf),
                        NULL);
    if (result != EOK)
         /* process devctl() error */
         break;
} while (inputBuf.usedElements < 20);</pre>
/* 20 words of data received */
```

Error Code	Description
ECHRNG	The port number is out of range, the port number is not allowed.
EACCES	The port cannot be accessed. It is not configured for 16-bit handshake input access.



3.3.5 DCMD_TP680_WRITE_16BIT_DATA

NAME

DCMD_TP680_WRITE_16BIT_DATA - Write data to 16-bit output port

DESCRIPTION

This function writes data to a specified 16-bit output port of the associated device. A pointer to a caller's 16-bit buffer (*TP680_16BIT_BUF*) and the size of this structure are passed by the parameters *data_ptr* and *n_bytes* to the device.

The data structure has a fixed size. It is configured with the definition of *TP680_MAX_16BIT_ELEM*. This definition sets the maximum number of 16-bit words that can be written with one call.

It is possible to retry sending a partially sent buffer, by recalling *DCMD_TP680_WRITE_16BIT_DATA* with the same buffer, without changing any values. This makes it easier to send packets of a fixed length.

The function copies the supplied data into the driver's FIFO. It will not wait until data is sent. The function returns immediately when all data is copied into the FIFO or the FIFO is filled.

This value specifies the port the data should be sent to. Valid port numbers for this function are 0 and 2. The port must be in 16-bit handshake output mode.

maxElements

port

This value specifies the number of 16-bit values that are stored into the buffer and shall be sent. This value may differ from the definition *TP680_MAX_16BIT_ELEM*, but must not be greater.

used Elements

This value returns the number of transmitted 16-bit data words that have been copied into the transmit FIFO. This value should be set 0 before calling the function or it should keep the previously returned value if unsent data should be sent with a recall of the function.

value

This is the data buffer that should be sent.



```
#include "tpmc680.h"
int
                  fd;
int
                   result;
TP680 16BIT BUF outputBuf;
/\star Send a block of 20 words from port 2, \star/
/* retry until 20 words are written */
outputBuf.port
                  = 2;
outputBuf.maxElement = 20;
outputBuf.usedElements = 0;
/* Fill up data */
outputBuf.value[0] = 0x1234;
outputBuf.value[19] = 0x4321;
do
{
    result = devctl( fd,
                        DCMD_TP680_WRITE_16BIT_DATA,
                        &outputBuf,
                        sizeof(outputBuf),
                        NULL);
    if (result != EOK)
         /* process devctl() error */
         break;
} while (outputBuf.usedElements < 20);</pre>
/* 20 words of data sent */
```

Error Code	Description
ECHRNG	The port number is out of range, the port number is not allowed.
EACCES	The port cannot be accessed. It is not configured for 16-bit handshake output access.



3.3.6 DCMD_TP680_READ_32BIT_DATA

NAME

DCMD_TP680_READ_32BIT_DATA - Read data from 32-bit input port

DESCRIPTION

This function reads received data from the 32-bit input port of the associated device. A pointer to a caller's 32-bit buffer (*TP680_32BIT_BUF*) and the size of this structure are passed by the parameters *data_ptr* and *n_bytes* to the device.

The data structure has a fixed size. It is configured with the definition of *TP680_MAX_32BIT_ELEM*. This definition sets the maximum number of 32-bit words that can be read with one call.

It is possible to fill up a partially filled buffer, by simply recalling *DCMD_TP680_READ_32BIT_DATA* with the same buffer, without changing any values. This may be necessary to get packets of a fixed length.

The function always returns data that are stored in the receive FIFO, it will not wait until data is available.

maxElements

This value specifies the number of 32-bit values that will be filled into the buffer at maximum. This value may differ from the definition *TP680_MAX_32BIT_ELEM*, but must not be greater.

used Elements

This value returns the number of received 32-bit data words in the buffer. This value should be set 0 before calling the function, or it should keep the returned value, if the buffer should be filled up with the next call.

value

This is the buffer where the received data will be copied to.



```
#include "tpmc680.h"
int
                  fd;
int
                  result;
TP680 32BIT BUF inputBuf;
/* Read a block of 20 longwords from 32-bit, */
/* retry until 20 longwords are received */
inputBuf.maxElement = 20;
inputBuf.usedElements = 0;
do
    result = devctl( fd,
                       DCMD TP680 READ 32BIT DATA,
                       &inputBuf,
                       sizeof(inputBuf),
                       NULL);
    if (result != EOK)
         /* process devctl() error */
        break;
} while (inputBuf.usedElements < 20);</pre>
/* 20 longwords of data received */
```

Error Code	Description
EACCES	The port cannot be accessed. It is not configured for 32-bit handshake input access.



3.3.7 DCMD_TP680_WRITE_32BIT_DATA

NAME

DCMD_TP680_WRITE_32BIT_DATA - Write data to 32-bit output port

DESCRIPTION

This function writes data to the 32-bit output port of the associated device. A pointer to a caller's 32-bit buffer ($TP680_32BIT_BUF$) and the size of this structure are passed by the parameters $data_ptr$ and n_bytes to the device.

The data structure has a fixed size. It is configured with the definition of *TP680_MAX_32BIT_ELEM*. This definition sets the maximum number of 32-bit words that can be written with one call.

It is possible to retry sending a partially sent buffer, by recalling *DCMD_TP680_WRITE_32BIT_DATA* with the same buffer, without changing any values. This makes it easier to send packets of a fixed length.

The function copies the supplied data into the driver's FIFO. It will not wait until data is sent. The function returns immediately when all data is copied into the FIFO or the FIFO is filled.

maxElements

This value specifies the number of 32-bit values that are stored in the buffer and shall be sent. This value may differ from the definition *TP680_MAX_32BIT_ELEM*, but must not be greater.

used Elements

This value returns the number of transmitted 32-bit data words that have been copied into the transmit FIFO. This value should be set 0 before calling the function or it should keep the previously returned value if unsent data should be sent with a recall of the function.

value

This is the data buffer that should be sent.



```
#include "tpmc680.h"
int
                   fd;
int
                   result;
TP680 32BIT BUF
                   outputBuf;
/* Send a block of 20 longwords, */
/* retry until 20 longwords are written */
                      = 20;
outputBuf.maxElement
outputBuf.usedElements = 0;
/* Fill up data */
outputBuf.value[0] = 0x12345678;
outputBuf.value[19] = 0x87654321;
do
     result = devctl( fd,
                        DCMD_TP680_WRITE_32BIT_DATA,
                        &outputBuf,
                        sizeof(outputBuf),
                        NULL);
     if (result != EOK)
         /* process devctl() error */
         break;
     }
} while (outputBuf.usedElements < 20);</pre>
/* 20 longwords of data sent */
```

Error Code	Description
EACCES	The port cannot be accessed. It is not configured for 32-bit handshake output access.



3.3.8 DCMD_TP680_GET_64BIT_PORT

NAME

DCMD_TP680_GET_64BIT_PORT - Get values of all 64 I/O lines

DESCRIPTION

This function reads the current value of all 64 I/O lines of the associated device. A pointer to a callers buffer (*TP680_64BIT_PORT_BUF*) and the size of this structure are passed by the parameters *data_ptr* and *n_bytes* to the device.

```
typedef struct
{
    unsigned int value_31_0;
    unsigned int value_63_32;
} TP680_64BIT_PORT_BUF;

value_31_0
    This argument returns the current state of I/O line 0 up to 31.

value_63_32
    This argument returns the current state of I/O line 32 up to 63.
```

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680.h"
int
                        fd;
int
                        result;
TP680_64BIT_PORT_BUF
                        inBuf;
/* Read actual state the I/O lines */
result = devctl( fd,
                   DCMD TP680 GET 64BIT PORT,
                   &inBuf,
                   sizeof(inBuf),
                   NULL);
if (result == EOK)
    printf("INPUT: %08X %08X h\n", inBuf.value_64_32, inBuf.value_31_0);
} else {
    /* process devctl() error */
```



Error Code	Description
EACCES	The port cannot be accessed. It is not configured for 64-bit input mode.



3.3.9 DCMD_TP680_SET_64BIT_PORT

NAME

DCMD_TP680_SET_64BIT_PORT - Set values of all 64 output lines

DESCRIPTION

This function sets all 64 output lines of the associated device. A pointer to a caller's buffer $(TP680_64BIT_PORT_BUF)$ and the size of this structure are passed by the parameters $data_ptr$ and n_bytes to the device.

```
typedef struct
{
    unsigned int value_31_0;
    unsigned int value_63_32;
} TP680_64BIT_PORT_BUF;
value 31_0
```

This argument specifies the new output value of output line 0 up to 31.

value 63 32

This argument specifies the new output value of output line 32 up to 63.

EXAMPLE

```
#include "tpmc680.h"
int
                        fd;
int
                        result;
TP680_64BIT_PORT_BUF
                        outBuf;
/* Set all output lines to 0 */
outBuf.value 31 0 = 0;
outBuf.value 63 32 = 0;
result = devctl(
                   DCMD TP680 SET 64BIT PORT,
                   &outBuf,
                   sizeof(outBuf),
                   NULL);
if (result != EOK)
    /* process devctl() error */
```



Error Code	Description
EACCES	The port cannot be accessed. It is not configured for 64-bit output mode.



3.3.10 DCMD_TP680_EVENT_WAIT

NAME

DCMD_TP680_EVENT_WAIT – Wait for a specified input transition

DESCRIPTION

This function waits for an input transition on a specified I/O line of the associated device. A pointer to a caller's buffer (*TP680_EVENT_BUF*) and the size of this structure are passed by the parameters *data_ptr* and *n_bytes* to the device.

This argument specifies the I/O the event should occur on. Valid values are 0 up to 63.

eventType

This argument specifies the transition type to wait for. The following types are defined in *tpmc680.h*:

Value	Description
TP680_EV_LO2HI_TRANS	Event occurs, if a low to high transition is detected.
TP680_EV_HI2LO_TRANS	Event occurs, if a high to low transition is detected.
TP680_EV_ANY_TRANS	Event occurs on every transition.

eventTimeout

This parameter specifies the maximum time to wait for the specified event. If the specified time has occurred, the call will return with an error. The time is specified in seconds. A value of -1 means, that no timeout is used (wait indefinitely).



```
#include "tpmc680.h"
int
                   fd;
int
                   result;
TP680 EVENT BUF eventBuf;
/* Wait for a high to low transition on I/O line 17, */
/* timeout after 20 seconds */
eventBuf.eventLine = 17;
eventBuf.eventType = TP680_EV_HI2LO_TRANS;
eventBuf.eventTimeout = 20;
result = devctl( fd,
                   DCMD TP680 EVENT WAIT,
                   &eventBuf,
                   sizeof(eventBuf),
                   NULL);
if (result != EOK)
   /* process devctl() error */
```

Error Code	Description
EACCES	The I/O line is configured for handshake mode and cannot be used.
ECHRNG	The specified I/O line number is out of range.
EINVAL	The transition type is invalid.
EBUSY	There is already a wait active on the specified I/O line.
ETIMEDOUT	The call has timed out.